Protection from The Disaster of the Deception of The Old Man

i.e. 'The Flesh'/'The Sin Nature'
#7

- Commands to Believers to Stop <u>Deceiving</u> Yourselves cf 1 Cor.6:9; 15:33; Gal. 6:7; James 1:16
 - A. These Four Verses Have the Greek Negative Particle $\mu\eta$ English Transliteration Me Plus a Verb Meaning to Deceive in the Present Tense Imperative Mood Form Which Expresses The People Are Being Command to Stop an Action in Progress Quit Deceiving Yourselves
 - B. Other Passages Which Teach Believers Need to <u>Beware</u> of Being <u>Deceived</u> cf Acts 13:10; Rm. 1:29; 3:13; 16:8; 1 Cor. 3:18; 2 Cor. 4:2; 11:3 Gal. 6:3; Eph. 4:14, 5:6; Col. 2:4, 8 2 Thess. 2:3; 1 Tim. 4:1; 2 Tim. 2:14; 3:13; Titus 1:10; 3:3; Heb. 3:13; James 1:16, 26; 1 Pet. 2:1; 1 Pet. 3:10; 2 Pet. 2:13, 17; 1 Jn. 1:8; 2:26; 3:7; 2 Jn. 7
 - C. There Is a Direct Association Between <u>Deception</u> and 'The Old Man' (i.e. the flesh, the Sin Nature) cf Rm. 7:8, 11 Eph. 4:22
- II. Things Believers 'Can Do', 'Need to Know' and I or 'Be Aware of' in Order to <u>Protect</u> Themselves Against the <u>Deception</u> of the Sin Nature

(What will be points A. through G. when I correct the previous outlines, then see them)

- H. Know the Desires of the Flesh Can Be **Aborted** Before They Are Acted Upon James 1:13-15
 - 1. The Greek Words Translated 'Tempted', 'Temptation' (πειράζω Verb) English Transliteration peirazo and (πειρασμός Noun) English Transliteration peirasmos Have More Than <u>One Sense</u>
 - a. Endeavoring to Do, Attempt to Do Something cf Acts 9:26; 16:7; 24:6
 - b. *Entrapping* Someone of Mt. 16:1; 19:23; 22:18, 35; Mk. 8:11, 10:2; 12:15 Lk. 11:16; Jn. 8:6
 - c. <u>Experiencing</u> Trials, Tribulation, Hardships cf Acts 20:19; James 1:2, 12 1 Pet. 1:6; 4:12; 2 Pet. 2:9;
 - d. <u>Examining</u> Trying, Testing Someone for the Purpose of Determining the True Nature, Character of the Person cf 2 Cor. 13:5; Heb. 11:17 Rev. 2:10

- e. <u>Enticing</u> Someone to Sin cf Mt. 4:1, 3; Mk. 1:13; Lk. 4:12; 1 Cor. 7:5; Gal. 6:1; 1 Thess. 3:5; Heb. 2:18; 4:15; 21 Cor. 10:13
- 2. An Understanding of the Fact That the Words πειράζω English Transliteration peirazo and πειρασμός English Transliteration peirasmos Have Different Senses of Meaning Tells Us We Must Determine the <u>Correct</u> Meaning of the Words in Every <u>Context</u>
 - a. The <u>Correct</u> Understanding of the Words, <u>Tempted</u>, <u>Tried</u>, <u>Proved</u> Will Resolve What Appears to be <u>Contradictions</u> Between James 1:13 and a Number of Passages in the Old Testament Concerning <u>God</u> Engaging in <u>Testing</u> the People of Israel or Individuals and Not <u>Enticing</u> Them to Sin cf Ex. 15:25, 16:4; 20:2; Duet. 8:2, 16; Judges 2:22; 3:1, 4; Job 34:36; Psalm 17:3; 66:10; 105:19; Jer. 12:3; and The New Testament Verses of Heb. 3:8; 11:17
 - b. The Meaning of (πειράζω English Transliteration peirazo and πειρασμός English Transliteration peirasmos) in James 1:13 Is <u>Enticement</u> to Sin God <u>Cannot</u> Be Enticed, Tempted, Lured to Sin
- 3. <u>Every</u> Human Being <u>Is</u> Tempted to Sin: "But every man is tempted, when he is drawn away of his own lusts, and enticed." James 1:14
 - a. 'Every Man' is tempted, (ἑκαστος): English Transliteration hekastos,
 Singular, Demonstrative Pronoun = <u>Each</u> and <u>Every</u> Person
 - b. 'is tempted' (πειράζω) English Transliteration peirazo 1st Person Singular, Present Tense, Passive, Indicative Mood Form of the Verb = Temptation to Sin Will Be an Ongoing, Regular Part of Life That Everyone Believer Will <u>Continue</u> to <u>Experience</u>
 - c. <u>Enticed</u> to Sin Is the Correct Sense of the Word (πειράζω); English Transliteration peirazo in Verse 14 compare the Connection of the Lust of Verse 14 with Sin in Verse 15 and One of the Most Common Uses of the Word tempted (πειράζω) English Transliteration Is for <u>Temptation</u> to Sin cf Mt. 4:1, 3; Mk. 1:13; Lk. 4:12; 1 Cor. 7:5; Gal. 6:1; 1Thess. 3:5; Heb. 2:18; 4:15
 - d. Every Person Is Individually, Personally *Responsible* for His or Her Ongoing Enticement to Engage in Any Sin
- 4. The Lust is **Definitive**, Specific and **Uniquely** His / Her Own
 - a. The Word Lust (ἐπιθυμία) English Transliteration epithumia in the Greek Is Preceded by the **Definite** Article της English Transliteration tes = The Lust / The Desire
 - b. The Words *his own* (Ἰδιος); English Transliteration *idios* = <u>Peculiar</u> to an *Individual*

- 5. The Intensive, Overriding Desire ἐπιθυμία English Transliteration *epithumia* Does Not Come from God, nor Satan; It Comes from within, from One's <u>Own</u> Old Self, Sin Nature, Flesh, Old Man cf Rm. 7:8, 11, 16-17, 19, 21; Gal. 5:16-17
 - a. The Desires Which Emanate from The Sin Nature Can Be <u>Exceedingly</u> <u>Strong</u> the Words *Drawn Away* (ἐξέλκω); English Transliteration exelgko Literally Means to Drag Forth
 - b. "ἐξέλκω...to drag away, with connotation of <u>initial reluctance..."</u>
 A Greek-English Lexicon of the New Testament and Other Early
 Christian Literature Which I Believe Probably Comes from the New
 Man cf Rm. 6:6-23; Eph. 4:24; Col. 3:9-10
- 6. The Way The Sin Nature Attempts to Overcome the Believer's Initial Resistance to Fulfill the Desire to Sin Is Expressed by the Word 'enticed' (δελεάζω) English Transliteration deleazo: "δελεάζω, (δέλεαρ = delear entice or catch by a <u>bait</u>." Liddell, H. G., Scott, R., Jones, H. S., & McKenzie, R. (1996). A Greek-English lexicon (p. 377). Oxford: Clarendon Press cf 2 Pet. 2:14, 18